

### 3.1 FUNDAMENTAL OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

L T P

4 - 4

#### RATIONALE

The objective of the course is to impart basic knowledge and skills regarding electrical and electronics engineering, which diploma holders will come across in their professional life

#### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1. Overview of Electricity:**  
General use and applications of electricity; Use and applications of electricity to chemical Engineering, Paint Technology and Rubber Technology Advantages of electrical energy over other forms of energy.  
(04 Periods)
- 2. DC Circuits:**  
Introduction to basic terms: charge, current, voltage, power, and energy; Ohm's law; Power dissipation in resistors; Series and parallel combination of resistors; Kirchhoff's laws; Star-delta conversions; Ideal and practical voltage source; Current source.  
(06 Periods)
- 3. AC Circuits:**  
Concept of alternating voltage and current; Introduction to basic terms: cycle, frequency, time period, amplitude, instantaneous value, rms value, peak value, phase difference, form factor, and peak factor; Concept of phasor; Phasor diagrams; Concepts of reactance, impedance, admittance, susceptance, and conductance; Concepts of instantaneous power, real power, reactive power, apparent power, complex power, and power factor; Analysis of simple AC circuits; Overview of three-phase AC circuits.  
(10 Periods)
- 4. Batteries and Solar Cells:**  
Primary and secondary cells; Construction, working, and applications of Lead-Acid; Charging methods for Lead-Acid batteries; Maintenance of Lead-Acid batteries; Series and parallel connection of batteries; Maintenance free batteries; General idea of solar cells, solar panels and their applications.  
(06 Periods)
- 5. Electrical Machines:**  
Electromagnetic induction; Introduction to magnetic circuits; Principles of electromechanical energy conversion; Construction and operation of single phase transformers; Tests of transformers; Efficiency and regulation; Operation of autotransformers;. Types of three-phase induction motors; principle of operation,; Methods of starting and speed-control of three-phase induction motors; Overview of single-phase induction motors.; Construction and operation of synchronous machines; Construction and operation of stepper motors. Applications of single and three phase induction motors.  
(10 Periods)
- 6. Semi Conductor Physics**  
Conductors, Insulators, Semiconductors, Idea of Energy Level, Energy Band Diagrams of Insulators, Conductors and Semiconductors, Effect of Temperature,

Recombination of holes and electrons, n-type semiconductor, p-type semiconductor, Majority and Minority Carriers.

(04 Periods)

**7. Semi Conductor Diode**

Mechanism of current conduction and characteristics of ordinary diode, zener diode, LED

(06 Periods)

**8. Transistor**

Principle of operation characteristics and applications of BJT, JFET, MOSFET, UJT, Concept of configurations.

(06 Periods)

**9. Electrical & Electronics Measuring Instruments**

Construction and working Principle of PMMC and moving Iron voltmeter and ammeters, single phase dynamometer, wattmeter and induction type energy meter, operation and use of Analog, Digital multimeter, CRO and signal generators.

(06 Periods)

**10. Electrical Installation and Safety:**

Various accessories and parts of electrical installation; Overview of industrial and domestic wiring systems; Common electrical safety measures; Protection and precaution against electrical shock; Treatment of electrical shock; Basic protective devices like fuse, MCB, thermal overload relay, ELCB, and RCCB; Concepts and types of earthing; Protection against lightning.

(06 Periods)

**LIST OF PRACTICALS**

1. Verification of Ohm's Law.
2. Verification of KCL and KVL.
3. Test of charging and discharging of lead-acid battery using hydrometer.
4. Connection of a three-phase motor and starter with fuses and reversing of direction.
5. Study of a distribution board for domestic and industrial installation.
6. Open-circuit and short-circuit test on a single-phase transformer.
7. Star-delta starting of induction motors.
8. To draw V-I characteristics of PN-Junction diode and LED.
9. To draw input and output characteristics of a transistor in CB and CE configurations.
10. Use of analog & digital multimeter and measure resistance, voltage & current.
11. Use of CRO & measurement of frequency & voltage.
12. Use of Zener diode as a regulator.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1. Principle of Electrical Engineering by V.K. Mehta, S Chand Publication.
2. Basic Electrical Engineering by J.B. Gupta, S.K. Kataria & sons.

3. Basic Electrical Engineering by Sahdev & Sahdev, Uneek Publication.
4. Fundamental of Elex for polytechnics by Subhadeep Chaudhary, Paragon international Publication
5. Electrical machines by S.K. Bhattacharya Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.

**SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS**

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Time Allotted (Hrs)</b>	<b>Marks Allotted (%)</b>
1	04	05
2	06	10
3	10	15
4	06	15
5	10	05
6	04	10
7	06	10
8	06	10
9	06	10
10	06	10
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>

### 3.2 ELEMENTS OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY (RUBBER & PLASTIC)

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#### RATIONALE

It is an introductory subject to be given to students opting for Chemical Technology (Rubber and Plastic). It will expose the students to various areas to be covered in this course which have applications in field jobs where they can find employment. The course will also impart elementary knowledge, to the students regarding units and conversions.

#### DETAILED CONTENTS

**1. Introduction: (05 Hrs)**

Definition of Chemical Technology (Rubber and Plastic), scope of rubber and plastic technology with respect to new emerging areas like space and aviation engineering, transport engineering, biomedical engineering, civil construction, polymer science engineering, factors to be taken in to account in the location of rubber and plastic industries.

Classification of system of units- Base units, Derived units and multiple units, Conversion of units.

Basic chemical Calculations: Atomic weight, Molecular weight, Basis of Calculation, Gram atom, Gram mole, Equivalent weight, Simple numerical Problems,

**2. Methods of expressing the composition of mixtures and solutions: (10 Hrs)**

Normality, Molarity, Molality, Weight Percent, Volume percent, Mole percent Mole fraction, Weight fraction, Simple numerical problems.

**3. Behaviour of Ideal Gas Law: (20 Hrs)**

Ideal gas law, PVT relationship, Normal temperature and pressure (NTP), Standard temperature and Pressure conditions (STP). Gaseous Mixtures: Partial Pressure, Pure component volume, Dalton's Law, Amagat's Law, Relation between Partial pressure, Mole fraction of component gas to Total pressure.

Average Molecular weight of gas mixture, Density of gas mixture, Simple numerical problems.

#### LIST OF PRACTICALS

2. To study and draw layout of chemical technology (rubber and plastic) laboratories.
3. To determine the heat load to be removed from the hot fluid by double pipe heat exchanger.
4. To determine the amount of heat required to evaporate per kg.
5. To find out the energy possess by liquid and solid fuels.
6. To study and calibrate the given manometer for level measurement.
7. To study centrifugal pump.
8. To study Reynolds's experiment.

- To study and draw layout of chemical industry/ plant visited during two days per month also draw sketches of various chemical engineering equipment in the visited industry.

### **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY**

The teacher should make the students aware of the fundamentals of chemical engineering. Its scope with respect to the new emerging areas in the field of chemical engineering like Environmental Engineering , Polymer Science, Bio-Chemical etc.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- Introduction to Chemical Engineering by Little John, CE and Meenaglum CM; McGraw Hill.
- Introduction to Chemical Engineering by Anderson LB; McGraw Hill Publication.
- Basic Principles of Chemical Engineering by Shaheen EI; Joplin, Missouri, USA.
- Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes Second Edition by Felder RM and Fousseau RW; John Wiley and Sons.
- Basic Principles and Calculations of Chemical Engineering by Himmelbleu DM; Prentice Hall.
- Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering by McCabe and Smith, McGraw Hill Publication.
- Elementary Chemical Engineering by Petu, McGraw Hill Publication
- Introduction to Chemical Engineering by Shyamal K. Sanyal, Siddhartha Datta, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.

### **SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS**

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Time Allotted (Hrs)</b>	<b>Marks Allotted (%)</b>
1	30	45
2	14	20
3	20	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>

### 3.3 FLUID MECHANICS

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#### RATIONALE

The knowledge of fluid flow is very essential because all chemical plants have fluid flow operations. The examples are flow of stream and gases in pipes, flow of liquid in pipes and open channels etc. This subject aims at the basic concepts of fluid flow, measurement techniques involved for the same and equipment used for the transportation of fluids. With this background, students will be able to find out quantitatively material and power requirements for a process.

#### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1. Classification of fluids:** (02 Periods)  
Compressible fluids, incompressible fluids, Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids, Properties of fluids (only definitions), mass density, weight density, vapour pressure, specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension, compressibility, thermal conductivity, specific volume.
- 2. Various types of flow:** (02 Periods)  
Steady and unsteady flow, uniform and non-uniform flow, streamline flow, laminar and turbulent flow
- 3. Various types of manometer:** (04 Periods)  
U-tube manometer, inclined manometer, differential manometer / two liquid manometer, simple numerical problems.
- 4. Basic equations of fluid flow:** (18 Periods)  
Stream line and stream tube, Average velocity, Mass velocity, Equation of continuity, derivation of continuity equation, Bernoulli's theorem, derivation of Bernoulli's equation, Hagen Poiseulli's equation, friction factor chart, Fanning equation, friction losses in pipes, friction loss from sudden enlargement and contraction, friction losses in various types of fittings and valves, effect of roughness, Equivalent length, Form friction losses in Bernoulli's equation, Simple numerical problems related to above topics.
- 5. Flow measurements:** (15 Periods)  
Classification of flow meters, principle, construction, working, derivation of flow equation, advantages, disadvantages of (i) Venturimeter (ii) Orifice meter (iii) Pitot tube (iv) Rotameter, difference between Orifice meter and Venturimeter, Measurement of flow in open channels, classification of notches, derivation of total discharge equation of Rectangular notch and V-Notch, advantages of V-Notch over rectangular notch.
- 6. Transportation of fluids:** (23 Periods)  
Classification of pipes and fittings, different types of pipes, tubes and fittings, Schedule number, Birmingham wire gauge (BWG), internal diameter and outer diameter of pipes, difference between pipe and tube, Classification of valves, gate valve, globe valve, ball valve, diaphragm valve, needle valve, butterfly valve, Classification of pumps,

(i) Centrifugal pumps, principle, construction or components of centrifugal pumps, working, advantages and disadvantages, Head of a centrifugal pump, priming, cavitation and Net Positive Suction Head (NPSH), power requirement and efficiency of centrifugal pump, characteristics curves, centrifugal pump troubles and remedies.

(ii) Positive displacement pumps, positive displacement pumps classification, Reciprocating pump, classification of reciprocating pumps, piston pumps, plunger and diaphragm pumps, single acting and double acting, Rotary pumps.

Comparison of centrifugal and reciprocating pump, advantages of centrifugal pump over reciprocating pump.

Centrifugal blowers, compressors, vacuum pumps: rotary vacuum pump, steam jet ejectors, water ejectors.

### **LIST OF PRACTICALS**

1. To determine the co-efficient of discharge of Orifice meter.
2. To determine the co-efficient of discharge of Venturi meter
3. To determine the co-efficient of discharge of V-Notches.
4. To determine the co-efficient of discharge of rectangular notches
5. To determine coefficient of velocity ( $C_v$ ). coefficient of discharge ( $C_d$ ), coefficient of contraction ( $C_c$ ) and verify the relation between them.
6. To determine frictional losses in pipes and fittings.
7. To determine the equivalent length of pipes and fittings.
8. To verify Bernoulli's Theorem.
9. To determine the efficiency of a centrifugal pump.
10. To determine point velocity in a pipe by Pitot tube.

### **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY**

This syllabus is designed in such a way that the students get theoretical as well as practical knowledge about all the topics so that students should be first taught theoretical knowledge and then practical knowledge. The students may be asked to make files related to their experiments.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1. Unit Operation of Chemical Engineering by McCabe and Smith; McGraw Hill Publication
2. Chemical Engineering Vol. I and II by Coulson and Richardson; Pergamon Press Publication
3. Introduction to Chemical Engineering by Badger and Banchero; McGraw Hill Publication
4. Principles of Unit Operations by Foust John; Wiley Eastern Publication
5. Unit Operations by Brown, John Wiley Publications
6. Unit Operation – 1 (Fluid Flow and Mechanical Operations) by Gavhane KA; Nirali Prakashan

**SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS**

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Time Allotted (Hrs)</b>	<b>Marks Allotted (%)</b>
1	02	05
2	02	05
3	04	10
4	18	25
5	15	20
6	23	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>

SUGGESTION

### 3.4 PRINCIPLES OF POLYMERIZATION

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#### RATIONALE

This course is designed to enable the students to acquire basic knowledge of polymer chemistry & polymer physics for better understanding of other polymer-related courses. The acquired knowledge will help the students in identifying different polymeric material to be processed in the industry & determine their quality based on physical & chemical test. After going through this course students will be able to prepare & characterize plastic material.

#### Detailed Contents

1. Basic Concepts and Terminology such as monomer, polymer, functionality and structure of polymer **(04 hrs)**
2. Types & classification of polymers - Natural, semi synthetics, synthetics, linear, branched, cross linked, thermoplastic & thermosetting, copolymers, commodity plastics, engineering plastics, specialty plastics, polymer blends & alloys. **(05 hrs)**
3. Secondary bonding in polymers ; Stereo – isomerism in polymers; physical states of polymers - amorphous & crystalline behaviour; solvent selection for polymers, miscibility & compatibility of polymers. **(08 hrs)**
4. Molecular weights & distributions, number average, weight average and Viscosity average and their relations; Osmometry, Gel Permeation, chromatography, degree of polymerization, polydispersity. **(08 hrs)**
5. Glass transition temperature; its importance & the factor which influence it; melting temperature. **(04 hrs)**
6. Concept of functionality & carother's equation for condensation polymerization, kinetics and mechanism, relationship between conversion & degree of polymerization gel phenomenon. **(10 hrs)**
7. Free radical polymerization; Different types of initiators, inhibition, retardation etc. Auto acceleration; ceiling temperature; ionic polymerization; Ziegler natta polymerization. Kinetics of free radical polymerization. **(10 hrs)**

8. Copolymerization reaction and its utility. Kinetics and copolymerization behaviour. Block and graft copolymers. Ring opening polymerization. **(10 hrs)**
9. Step polymerization and its utility. **(05 hrs)**

#### INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The course has been designed in such a way that the student can understand the basics of polymers clearly, thereby helping them in the advance course. Extension lectures by experts from polymer industry can enrich the students with better inputs regarding various types of techniques and latest developments in polymer industry.

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Polymer Science and Technology, by premamoy Ghosh Tata Mc Graw – Hill Publication.
2. Polymer Chemistry by Paave
3. Text Book of Polymer Science by Billmeyer
4. Polymer Science and Technology by Joel R.
5. Polymer Science by Gowariker
6. Principles of Polymerization by Odian
7. Polymer Science and Technology by Fried, Prentice Hall of India, Publication

#### SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allotted (%)
1	04	05
2	05	10
3	08	10
4	08	15
5	04	05
6	10	15
7	10	15
8	10	15
9	05	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>

### 3.5 MECHANICAL OPERATIONS

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#### RATIONALE

This subject gives the knowledge of working of individual mechanical operations and their significance in chemical industries. With this information, students, learn about the control of operation of equipment and regulate production.

#### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction:** (04 Periods)  
Concept and role of unit operation in industries, force, pressure, work, power, heat.
- 2. Size Reduction (Comminution):** (15 Periods)  
Size reduction, necessity of size reduction, principles of size reduction, characteristics of size reduced/ comminuted product, expression for power required by machines, Rittinger's law, Kick's law, Bond's law and work index, simple numerical problems.  
Size reduction equipment:  
Classification of size reduction equipment, general description of crushers: Jaw crusher, Gyratory crusher, Roll crusher, Grinders: Hammer mill, Ball mill, critical speed of Ball mill, difference in crushing and grinding, Equipment operation: (i) Open circuit (ii) Closed circuit.
- 3. Characterization of solid particles:** (15 Periods)  
Characterization of solid particles, particle shape, sphericity, particle size, particle size measurement by screen analysis, mesh, screen aperture or screen size opening, differential and cumulative methods of analysis of particle size, specific surface of mixture, average particle size, number of particles in a mixture.  
Screen analysis: Tyler standard screen series (or US sieve series), screening, types of screening equipment their construction, working, vibrating screens, Grizzlies and Trommels, comparison of Grizzlies and Trommels.
- 4. Handling of solids:** (10 Periods)  
Mechanical and pneumatic conveying equipment, classification of conveying equipment, general construction, working and industrial application of Belt conveyors, Chain conveyors, Bucket conveyors, Bucket elevators, Screw conveyors, Pneumatic conveyors.
- 5. Mechanical separations:** (15 Periods)  
Filtration and sedimentation: define filtration, filter medium, characteristics of filter medium, filtrate, filter aids, characteristics of filter aids.  
Types of filtration: (i) cake filtration (ii) deep bed filtration  
Classification of filter equipment: (i) clarifying filter (ii) cake filter. Clarifying filter- principle, construction, working and industrial application of pressure filters: plate and frame filter press, rotary drum filter, leaf filter, sand filter.  
Classifiers, thickeners, centrifugal filtration – centrifuge.

- 6. Mixing equipment:** (05 Periods)  
Utility of mixing, mixing equipment used for liquid-liquid, liquid-solid, liquid-gas systems, impellers, propellers, turbines, flow pattern in agitated vessels, vortex formation and its prevention.

### LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. To find the sieve analysis of a given sample of solid particles by sieve shaker.
2. To determine the grind ability of solids by ball mill.
3. To determine the effectiveness of disintegrator.
4. To find the rate of filtration with the help of filter press.
5. To determine the rate of settling of slurries of various concentration. Draw a height vs. time curve.
6. To determine the efficiency of jaw crusher.
7. To perform an experiment on rotary vacuum filter and find rate of filtration.

### INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Mechanical operation has significant importance in the area of chemical engineering. Adequate competency needs to be developed by giving sufficient practical knowledge in mechanical operation (characterization of solid particles, size reduction, energy requirement and mechanical separations) A field visit may be conducted to expose the working of various conveyors and filtration equipment in industries.

### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering by McCabe and Smith, McGraw Hill Publications.
2. Chemical Engineering, Vol. I & II by Coulson and Richardson, Pergamon Press Publications.
3. Introduction to Chemical Engineering by Badger and Banchero, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
4. Principles of Unit Operations by Allen Fourst, John Wiley Publication.
5. Unit Operations by Brown, C.G., John Wiley Publication.
6. Unit Operation – 1 (Fluid Flow and Mechanical Operations) by Gavhane KA; Nirali Prakashan

### SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allotted (%)
1	04	10
2	15	20
3	15	20
4	10	15
5	15	20
6	05	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>

### 3.6 PROCESS INSTRUMENTATION

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#### RATIONALE

The subject will enable the student to gather the knowledge of different instruments used to measure different process parameters. This course will impart knowledge on working principle, construction, repair and use of these instruments.

#### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1.0. Introduction (08 Periods)**
- 1.1. Functional block diagram of instrumentation system.
  - 1.2. Description of each block
  - 1.3. Process
  - 1.4. Process Characteristics
  - 1.5. Process Variables
- 2.0. Pressure Measurement (11 Periods)**
- 2.1. Diaphragms
  - 2.2. Bourdon Tube
  - 2.3. Bellows
  - 2.4. Dead wt Tester
- 3.0. Temperature Measurement (11 Periods)**
- 3.1. General
  - 3.2. Temperature Measuring Devices Like Thermocouples.
  - 3.3. Pyrometer
  - 3.4. Resistance Thermometer.
  - 3.5. Thermister
  - 3.6. Bimetallic Thermometer
- 4.0. Liquid Level Measurements (10 Periods)**
- Visual indicators, Float actuated level meters, static pressure type instruments. The bubbler system, diaphragm box and air trap system. Electrical contact type liquid level indicators.
- 5.0. Humidity, Moisture & Thickness Measurement (07 Periods)**
- 6.0. Chemical & Analytical Instruments (09 Periods)**
- PH Meter, Viscosity measurements by constant stress rotational viscometer & falling ball type viscometer.
- 7.0. Plastic Testing Instruments (8 Periods)**
- Tensile testing machine, Melt flow index testing machine, Impact testing machine

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The teacher should take the students to some industries and show them these instruments so that they get a better knowledge of every instrument.

### LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Experiment of Pressure Measurement
2. Experiment of Temperature Measurement
3. Experiment of Flow Measurement
4. Experiment of Humidity Measurement
5. To calibrate pressure gauge with the help of dead weight pressure gauge
6. Experiment of Strain Measurement
7. Experiment of Load Cell
8. Experiment on spectrophotometer and PH meter.
9. Measurement of Level
10. Measurement of angular velocity
11. To find out drying characteristics of given sample and draw drying rate curve by infrared moisture meter and rapid moisture meter.

### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Instrumentation Devices & Systems by S.Ranjan (Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing)
2. Electrical & Electronics Measurement by A.K.Sawhney (Danpat Rai & Co.)
3. Industrial Instrumentation by Tyson
4. Industrial Instrumentation by Donald P.Echman
5. Industrial Instrumentation by S.K.Singh
6. Instrumentation by Cirk & Rimboi
7. Instrumentation Measurement and Analysis by B.C.Nakra and KK Chaudhary (McGraw Hill Publication)
8. Electronics Instrumentation by H.S. Kalsi (McGraw Hill Publication)
9. Principles of Industrial Instrumentation by D. Patronalis (Tata McGraw Hill Publication)

### SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allotted (%)
1	08	10
2	11	20
3	11	20
4	10	15
5	07	10
6	09	15
7	08	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>