

4.1 ELECTRONICS CIRCUITS

L T P

Periods per week 4-0-4

RATIONALE

Having attained basic knowledge of electronic devices like diodes, transistors, and elementary circuits, in second semester, this course will enable the students to learn about the use of transistors in analog circuits like power amplifier, multistage amplifier, oscillators, wave shaping circuits and in multi- vibrators etc. It also gives information about timer, operational amplifier, voltage regulator, ICs and their applications for effective functioning in the field of electronic service industry.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT-I

(08 periods)

Operational Amplifiers:

Characteristics of an ideal operational amplifier and its block diagram. Definition of differential voltage gain, CMRR, PSRR, slew rate and input offset current, Operational amplifier as an inverter, scale changer, adder, subtracted, differentiator, and integrator.

UNIT-II

(08 periods)

Multistage Amplifiers

Need for multistage amplifier, Gain of multistage amplifier, Different types of multistage amplifier, Coupling, Comparison between different types of coupling, RC coupled amplifier, transformer coupled, direct coupled, and their frequency response and bandwidth.

UNIT-III

(08 periods)

Large Signal Amplifier

Difference between voltage and power amplifiers, Importance of impedance matching in amplifiers Single ended power amplifiers, importance of heat sinks. Push-pull amplifier, and complementary symmetry push-pull amplifier.

UNIT-IV

(10 periods)

Feedback in Amplifiers

Basic principles and types of feedback, Derivation of expression for gain of an amplifier employing feedback. Effect of feedback (negative) on gain, stability, distortion and bandwidth of an amplifier Emitter follower amplifier and its application.

UNIT-V

(08 periods)

Sinusoidal Oscillators

Barkhausen criterion for oscillations, Tank Circuits, Use of positive feedback, Classification of oscillators, Hartley, Colpitts, phase shift, Wien's bridge oscillator (Their working principles only).

UNIT-VI

(06 periods)

Tuned Voltage Amplifiers

Series and parallel resonant circuits and bandwidth of resonant circuits

UNIT-VII

(08 periods)

Wave Shaping Circuits

General idea about different wave shapers, RC and RL integrating and differentiating circuits, Introduction to Diode clipping and clamping circuits.

UNIT-VIII

(08 periods)

Multivibrator Circuits

Concept of multi-vibrator: astable, monostable, and bistable and their applications, Block diagram of IC555 and its working and applications, IC555 as monostable and astable multi-vibrator

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Plot the frequency response of two stages RC coupled amplifier and calculate the bandwidth
2. To measure the gain of push-pull amplifier at 1 KHz
3. To measure the voltage gain of emitter follower circuit and plot its frequency response
4. Plot the frequency response curve of Hartley and Colpitts Oscillator
5. Plot the frequency response curve of phase shift and Wein bridge Oscillator
6. To observe the output waveforms of series and shunt clipping circuits
7. To observe the output for clamping circuits
8. Use of IC 555 as mono stable multi-vibrator and observe the output for different values of RC
9. To use IC 741 (op-amplifier) as i) Inverter, ii) Adder, iii) Subtractor, iv) Integrator

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits by NN Bhargava, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
2. Electronic Principles by Sahdev, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi.
3. Electronics Principles by Malvino, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits by Millman and Halkias, McGraw Hill, New Delhi
5. Electronics Devices and Circuits by Bhupinderjit Kaur, modern Publishers, Jalandhar
6. Basic Electronics by Grob, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
7. Art of Electronics by Horowitz
8. Electronic Circuit Theory by Boylestad
9. Electronic Devices and Circuits by BL Theraja, S Chand and Co Ltd. New Delhi
10. Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits by Ramakant A. Gaykwad
11. Electronics Devices and Circuits by Rama Reddy, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
12. Electronics Devices and Circuits-II by Rajesh Kumar, Eagle Prakashan, Jalandhar

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (period)	Marks Allocation (%)
I	08	12
II	08	12
III	08	13
IV	10	16
V	08	13
VI	06	09
VII	08	12
VIII	08	13
Total	64	100

4.2 MICROPROCESSOR AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Periods per week L T P
4-0-4

RATIONALE

The study of microprocessors in terms of architecture, software and interfacing techniques leads to the understanding of working of CPU in a microcomputer. The development in microprocessors of 32 bit architecture brings them face-to-face with mainframe finding employment in R&D, assembly, repair and maintenance of hardware of microprocessors and computers. Microprocessors find application in process control industry. They also form a part of the electronic switching system between source and destination in long distance telecommunications. Thus the microprocessor is an area of specialization. Students of electronics and related engineering branches often use microprocessors to introduce programmable control in their projects, in industrial training.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT-I

(12 periods)

Evolution and Architecture of a Microprocessor

Functional block diagram of 8085 and function of each block, Concept of Bus, bus organization of 8085, Pin details of 8085 and related signals, Demultiplexing of address/data bus, generation of read/write control signals.

UNIT-II

(20 periods)

Programming (with respect to 8085 microprocessor)

Brief idea of machine and assembly languages, Machines and Mnemonic codes, Instruction format and Addressing modes, Classification of Instruction set., Programming exercises in assembly language. (Examples can be taken from the list of experiments), Concept of stack & subroutine (PUSH & POP, CALL & RETURN instruction), Instruction cycle, machine cycle & T-states, Op-code Fetch and Execute cycle.

UNIT-III

(10 periods)

Memory Mapping and I/O interfacing

Concept of memory mapping, Concept of I/O mapped I/O and memory mapped I/O and their Interfacing.

UNIT-IV

(06 periods)

Interrupts

Concept of interrupt, Maskable and non-maskable interrupts, Edge triggered and level triggered interrupts, Software interrupt, Restart interrupts and its use, Various hardware interrupts of 8085.

UNIT-V

(06 periods)

Data transfer techniques

Concept of programmed I/O operations, Sync data transfer, Async data transfer (hand shaking), Interrupt driven data transfer, DMA, Serial output data, Serial input data.

UNIT-VI**(06 periods)****Peripheral devices**

8255, 8257 DMA controller, 8279 Programmable KB/Display Interface.

UNIT-VII**(04 periods)****Introduction to 8086:**

Block diagram & its main features.

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Familiarization of different keys of 8085 microprocessor kit and its memory map
2. Steps to enter, modify data/program and to execute a programme on 8085 kit
3. Writing and execution of ALP for addition and subtraction of two 8 bit numbers
4. Writing and execution of ALP for addition of two 16 bit numbers
5. Writing and execution of ALP to find out smallest and greatest no. out of 10
6. Writing and execution of ALP for arranging 10 numbers in ascending/descending order
7. Interfacing exercise on 8255 like LED display control
8. Study and use of interfacing 8 bit A/D card and D/A card in sampling, wave generation, multiplexer, de-multiplexer and counter

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8080/8085 by Ramesh S Gaonker, Willey Eastern Ltd. New Delhi
2. Introduction to Microprocessor by Mathur, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd , New Delhi
3. Microprocessor and Microcontrollers by Dr B P Singh, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi
4. Microprocessor and Applications by Badri Ram: Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd , New Delhi
5. Microprocessor and Microcomputers by Refiquzzaman, Prentice Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi
6. Digital Logic and Computer Design by Mano, M Morris; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
7. Digital Electronics and Applications by Malvino Leach; Publishers McGraw Hill, New Delhi
8. Digital Integrated Electronics by Herbert Taub and Donalds Sachilling; Prentice Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi
9. Digital Electronics by Rajaraman; Prentice Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi
10. Digital Electronics and Microprocessor by Rajiv Sapra, Ishan Publication, Ambala

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (period)	Marks Allotted (%)
I	12	19
II	20	34
III	10	16
IV	06	9
V	06	9
VI	06	9

VII	04	4
Total	64	100

4.3 ELECTRONICS MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

L T P

Periods per week 4-0-4

RATIONALE

In the real world of work the technician is required to handle wide variety of instruments while testing, trouble shooting, calibration etc. the study of this subject will help students to gain the knowledge of working principles and operation of different instruments. During practical sessions, he will acquire the requisite skills.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT-I (06 periods)

Basics of Measurements

Definition of Measurement, Accuracy, Precision, sensitivity, resolution, range, Errors in measurement, sources of errors, loading effect.

UNIT-II (12 periods)

Voltage, Current and Resistance Measurement

Principles of operation and construction of permanent magnet moving coil (PMMC) instruments, Moving iron type instruments, measurement of d.c voltage and current. Measurement of voltage, current and resistance using multimeter.

UNIT-III (10 periods)

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope

Construction and working of Cathode Ray Tube (CRT), Time base operation, synchronization, Block diagram, description of a basic CRO and triggered sweep oscilloscope, Measurement of voltage, current, frequency, time period and phase using CRO. Special features of Dual Beam, Dual trace. Digital storage oscilloscope (DSO) : block diagram and working principle.

UNIT-IV (08 periods)

Signal Generators and Analytical Instruments

Explanation of block diagram specifications of low frequency and RF generators, pulse generator, function generator, Wave analyzer.

UNIT-V (14 periods)

Impedance Bridges and Q Meters

Wheat stone bridge, AC bridges: Maxwell's induction bridge, Hay's bridge, De-Sauty's bridge, Schering bridge, RLC bridge, Block diagram and working principle of Q meter.

UNIT-VI (14 periods)

Digital Instruments

Working principle of ramp, dual slope and integration type digital voltmeter, Block diagram and working of a digital multimeter, Measurement of time interval, time period and frequency using frequency counter, Working principle of logic probe, logic pulser.

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time period and phase using CRO
2. Measurement of rise time and fall time using CRO
3. Measurement of Q of a coil and its dependence on frequency
4. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time and phase using DSO
5. Measurement of resistance and inductance of coil using RLC Bridge
6. To study of logic pulser and logic probe

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Electronics Measurement and Instrumentation by AK Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi
2. Electronics Measurement and Instrumentation by Oliver, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
3. Electronics Instrumentation by Cooper, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
4. Electronics Test and Instrumentation by Rajiv Sapra, Ishan Publications, Ambala
5. Electronics Instrumentation by JB Gupta, SatyaPrakashan, New Delhi

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (Period)	Marks Allocation (%)
I	6	05
II	12	20
III	10	15
IV	08	10
V	14	25
VI	14	25
Total	64	100

4.4 NETWORK, FILTERS AND TRANSMISSION LINES

L T P

Periods per week 4-0-4

RATIONALE

The study of networks, filters and transmission lines leads to understanding of line communication, audio and video communication, and microwave communication. Particularly the study of networks takes off from principles of a.c. theory and introduces the student to parameters and characteristics of various networks, including filters. Also the study of transmission lines becomes important as its analogy is used in study of transmission of plane electromagnetic waves in bounded media.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT-I

(20 periods)

Circuit Theory & Networks

Elements of Networks and its type, Current Sources, Voltage Source and their conversion, Dependent and Independent Sources. Two port (four terminals) network: Basic idea of Z , Y , H , $ABCD$ parameter (no numerical problem), Definition of Symmetrical and asymmetrical networks: Balanced and unbalanced network, T-network, JI network, Ladder network; L-network and Bridge T-network. Symmetrical Network: Concept and significance of the terms characteristic impedance, propagation constant, T-network and JI Network. Asymmetrical Network Concept and significance of iterative impedance, image impedance of Asymmetrical T network. The half section (L-section); symmetrical T and JI sections into half sections, iterative image impedance.

UNIT-II

(08 periods)

Attenuators

Units of attenuation (Decibels and Nepers): General characteristics of attenuators, Analysis and design of simple attenuator of following types; Symmetrical T type.

UNIT-III

(16 periods)

Filters

Brief idea of the use of filter networks in different communication systems, concept of low pass, high pass, band pass and band stop filters. Crystal Filters - Crystal and its equivalent circuits, special properties of piezoelectric filters and their use, Active Filters - Basic concept of active filters.

UNIT-IV

(20 periods)

Transmission Lines

Transmission Lines, their types and applications. Distributed constants, T representation of transmission line section. Definition of characteristic impedance, propagation constant, attenuation

constant and phase shift constant. Concept of infinite line, Condition for minimum distortion, Concept of reflection and standing waves, definition of reflection coefficient, VSWR and their relation (no derivation).

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. To measure the characteristic impedance of symmetrical T and π networks
2. To measure the image impedance of a given asymmetrical T and π networks
3. For a prototype low pass filter Find out the cut off frequency. Determine the characteristic impedance experimentally and Plot the attenuation characteristic
4. To design and measure the attenuation of a symmetrical T/ π type attenuator
5. For a high pass filter: Determine the characteristic impedance experimentally To plot the attenuation characteristic
6. a) To plot the Impedance characteristic of a prototype band-pass filter
b) To plot the attenuation characteristic of a prototype band pass filter
7. To observe the information of standing waves on a transmission line and measurement of SWR and characteristic impedance of the line
8. Draw the attenuation characteristics of a crystal filter

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Network Lines and Fields by John D Ryder; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
2. Network Filters and Transmission Lines by AK Chakarvorty; DhanpatRai and Co. Publication, New Delhi
3. Network Analysis by Van Valkenburg; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
4. Network Analysis by Soni and Gupta; DhanpatRai and Co. Publication, New Delhi
5. Network Theory and Filter Design by Vasudev K. Aatre
6. Network Filters and Transmission line by UmeshSinha
7. Electrical and Electronics Measuring instrumentation , A.K Sawhney, DhanpatRai and Co. Publication, New Delhi
8. Network Analysis by G.K. Mithal
9. Network Filters and Transmission line by NardeepGoyal, Rajneesh Kumari, Tech. Max Publication, Pune.

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (period)	Marks Allocation (%)
I	20	32
II	08	12
III	16	24
IV	20	32
Total	64	100

4.5 PROCESS INSTRUMENTATION

L T P
Periods per week 4-0-4

RATIONALE

Precision measurement of process parameters such as Pressure, level, density, speed, temperature, flow, moisture etc. is very essential for successful running of a process industry, various telemetric and manual control circuits are to be handled by technicians employed in these industries, Therefore to equip the diploma student in instrumentation and control engineering with the knowledge and skill of principles and circuitry for measurement of these parameters will be useful in world of work.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT-I	(04 periods)
Introduction	
Definition and basic principle of process instrumentation, Recording and indicating instruments illumination instruments. Illumination photometer, physical photometry.	
UNIT-II	(24 periods)
Cathode Ray Oscilloscope	
CRO, basic working principle and construction only, Measurement of voltage, current, phase angle frequency using CRO, CRO probes. Basic idea of dual beam, dual trace & storage oscilloscope.	
UNIT-III	(16 periods)
Meters, Bridges and Analyzer	
Construction , working principle & operation of Q meter, LCR bridge, output power meter, function generator, Flux meter, wave form & spectrum analyzer.	
UNIT-IV	(08 periods)
Measurement	
Measurement of temperature, pressure, relative , humidity , Moisture. Content, Velocity & flow, force & torque, level .PH, gas analyzer, emissivity, Refractive index, velocity , surface tension, color, Spectro-photometry , chromatography, introduction to biosensors.	
UNIT-V	(12 periods)
Basics of Process Control	

Basic concept of process controls, type of control & application, Concept of automatic control & its classification. Instrumentation & control typical food processor units like reactor , evaporator , dryer etc.

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Calibrate single phase energy meter by loading
2. Measurement of voltage , frequency of a sinusoidal single with CRO
3. Use of LCR meter for measuring inductance, capacitance & resistance
4. To determinate the input impedance of a multi-meter.
5. To measure temperature by using RTD
6. Study of automatic control system of food processor units like reactor, evaporator, dryer etc.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Industrial instrumentation by wiley eastern LTD New Delhi.
2. A.K shawney & P. shawney A course on mechanical measurement, instrumentation & control . Dhanpat Rai's co.
3. B.C Nakra & K.K Chaudhary , instrumentation, measurement & analysis , TMH LTD.

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (Period)	Marks Allocation (%)
I	04	07
II	24	38
III	16	25
IV	08	12
V	12	18
Total	64	100

4.6 ELECTRONIC WORKSHOP CUM MINOR PROJECT

L TP
Periods/week- - 4

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. **Laboratory Experiences** (06 periods)
 - Identification of components
 - Practice for color coding of resistance
 - Practice for identification of various components such as diode, capacitors, transistors, SCR, Triac and different ICs
 - Understand the use of data book for transistors, Diodes, SCR and triac
 - Understand the use of data book for TTL and CMOS ICs
 - Testing of different components using multi-meter
2. **Use of electronic instruments** (08 periods)
 - Practice for the use of multi-meter
 - Practice for the use of signal generator
 - Practice for the use of power supply
 - Practice for the use of oscilloscope
3. **Designing the PCB layout using computer software** (12 periods)
 - Understanding the use of printed circuit board in electronics.
 - Designing practice of PCB layout for a simple electronics circuit such as rectifier, transistor, amplifier etc.
 - Use of software --Work bench and PSPICE
4. **Soldering the PCB** (05 periods)
 - Soldering practice for PCB
 - Soldering the PCB design in layout topic.
 - Desoldering practice
5. **Testing of PCB** (05 periods)
 - After soldering the component on given PCB testing the continuity and input / output result of given circuit

6. **Fault finding of electronic circuit** (06 periods)
- Basic idea of fault finding procedure

7. **Minor Project Work** (24 periods)

Minimum 02 Project to be fabricated by each student

Students can also select any other project with the advice of teacher

1. Regulated power supply
2. Timers using 555 and other oscillators
3. Touch plate switches – transistorized or 555 based
4. Door bell/cordless bell
5. Clapping switch and IR switch
6. Blinkers
7. sirens and hooters
8. FM Transmitter and Receiver
9. Electronic toy gun, walker, blinkers
10. Electronic dice
11. Cell charger, battery charger, mobile charger
12. Fire/smoke/intruder alarm
13. Liquid level controller
14. Counters
15. Combination locks
16. Electronics musical instruments
17. Telephone handset
18. Audio amplifiers
19. Tape recorders
20. Automatic stabilizer/CVT
21. Emergency light
22. Design and manufacture of transformer
23. Fan regulator
24. Triac using Fan Regulator
25. 555 using lighting delay Circuits
26. Temperature sensor based fabrication
27. Design and fabricate transistor switch to operate an LED.
28. Design and Fabricate a single stage Amplifier for 1

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Data books for transistors Diodes & SCR
2. Data book for TTL and CMOS ICs
3. PCB designing Books

SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Units	Time Allotted (period Practical)
I	06
II	08
III	12

IV	04
V	04
VI	06
VII	24
Total	64

4.7 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING

Industrial training provides an opportunity to students to experience the environment and culture of industrial production units and commercial activities undertaken in field organizations. It prepares student for their future role as diploma engineers in the world of work and enables them to integrate theory with practice.

For this purpose, students at the end of fourth semester need to be sent for industrial training for a minimum of 4 weeks duration to be organized during the semester break starting after IV Semester examinations. The concerned HODs along with other teachers will guide and help students in arranging appropriate training places relevant to their specific branch. It is suggested that a training schedule may be drawn for each student before starting of the training in consultation with the training providers. Students should also be briefed in advance about the organizational setup, product range, manufacturing process, important machines and materials used in the training organization.

Equally important with the guidance is supervision of students training in the industry/organization by the teachers. A teacher may guide a group of 4-5 students. A minimum of one visit by the teacher is recommended. Students should be encouraged to write daily report in their diary to enable them to write final report and its presentation later on.

Internal assessment and external assessment have been provided in the study and evaluation scheme of V Semester. Evaluation of professional industrial training report through viva-voce/presentation aims at assessing students understanding of materials, industrial process, practices in industry/field organization and their ability to engage in activities related to problem solving in industrial setup as well as understanding of application of knowledge and skills learnt in real life situations. The formative and summative evaluation may comprise of weightage to performance in testing, general behavior, quality of report and presentation during viva-voce examination. It is recommended that such evaluations may be carried out by a team comprising of concerned HOD, teachers and representative from industry, if any. The components of evaluation will include the following:

Sr. No	Performance Criteria.	Weightage (%)
1	Punctuality and regularity	15
2	Initiative in learning new things	15
3	Relationship with workers	15

4	Industrial training report	55
TOTAL		100

SUGGESTION